

CUADERNO DE REFUERZO Y RECUPERACIÓN

**3º ESO
INGLÉS**

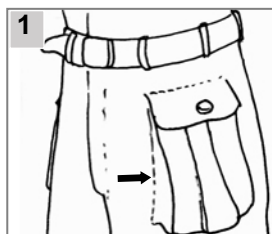
IESO Tierra de Campos

Name:

Mark:

VOCABULARY (30 points)**1 Write the words in your language. (10 points)**

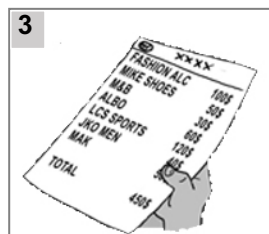
- | | |
|-------------------|------------------|
| 1 size | 6 top |
| 2 loose | 7 exchange |
| 3 product | 8 refund |
| 4 take back | 9 tight |
| 5 large | 10 change |

2 Choose the correct word to match each picture. (8 points)

pocket / wallet



refund / advertisement



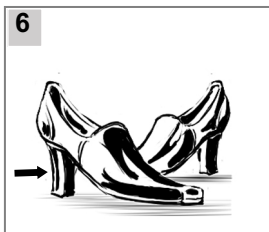
product / receipt



special offer / exchange



off / watch



high heels / charge



top / belt



cash / credit card

3 Circle the word that doesn't belong in each group. (6 points)

- loose • product • tight
- credit card • cash • advertisement
- charge • comfortable • smart
- watch • belt • receipt
- size • take back • exchange
- high heels • top • flip flops

4 Choose the correct answer. (6 points)

- I keep my money in my **belt** / wallet.
- These shoes aren't **product** / comfortable.
- This shirt doesn't **fit** / charge me.
- The shop gave Chloe her money back. She got a **change** / refund.
- Look! These jackets are 50% **cash** / off.
- People wear **flip flops** / pockets at the beach.

GRAMMAR (30 points)**1 Choose the correct answer. (6 points)**

- 1 Is there **a** / **an** black shirt in the cupboard?
- 2 There aren't **any** / **some** jeans in this shop.
- 3 There are **some** / **the** dresses in that shop.
- 4 That's **a** / **an** unusual jacket.
- 5 **The** / **An** shoes under that chair are Bob's.
- 6 Are there **any** / **some** special offers today?

2 Complete the sentences with *many* or *much*. (6 points)

- 1 We haven't got cash.
- 2 This shop has got different sizes.
- 3 They've got new products in their shop.
- 4 We haven't got milk.
- 5 There isn't rice.
- 6 There aren't shops on this street.

3 Complete the sentences with *How much* or *How many*? (6 points)

- 1 tops did you try on?
- 2 change did you get?
- 3 shoes has she got?
- 4 belts did you buy?
- 5 ice cream did you eat?
- 6 bread do we need?

4 Choose two correct answers. (12 points)

- 1 There aren't people at the fashion show.
a some b a lot of c any
- 2 Did you see advertisement for this clothes shop on Facebook?
a a b an c the
- 3 items are on special offer.
a A lot of b Many c Much
- 4 There are nice T-shirts in this shop.
a some b any c many
- 5 We haven't got time to go shopping.
a many b any c much
- 6 There isn't water in the lake.
a a lot of b many c much

READING (30 points)**1 Read the e-mails. Then tick (✓) the sentences T (true) or F (false). (15 points)**

Hi Nicole,

Are you planning to enter the Young Fashion Designers competition? I want to enter this year, and I think I've got a good chance of winning. I make a lot of smart clothes for my family. Here's a photo of my sister in one of my designs. What do you think? How many items can we send to the competition?

Sabrina

Hi Sabrina,

First of all, your designs are great! Where do you buy material? I recommend Lucy's Shop. It has got a lot of special offers.

We can enter five items. Last year, I sent two items to the competition, but this year, I want to enter more. The problem is I haven't got much time. We can't send items after 31st May.

Nicole

	T	F
1 Sabrina thinks she can win the competition.		
2 Nicole doesn't like Sabrina's design.		
3 Nicole recommends a place to buy material.		
4 You can't send more than two items.		
5 You can't send items in June.		

2 Match A to B to make sentences. (15 points)

A

- 1 Lucy's shop
- 2 Sabrina's sister
- 3 Nicole
- 4 The competition
- 5 Sabrina

B

- a entered the competition last year.
- b makes clothes for her family.
- c closes at the end of May.
- d is a good place to buy material.
- e is in the photo.

WRITING (10 points)

The following sentences are from a review of a shop. In which paragraph does each belong? Write **A** (opening), **B** (body) or **C** (closing).

- 1 The shop has got a large selection of shoes in all sizes.
- 2 I don't recommend it because everything in the shop is expensive.
- 3 Sharon's Shoes is a shoe shop on Main Street.
- 4 The shop assistants are not helpful.
- 5 You can find all types of shoes, including flip flops and high heels.

VOCABULARY (30 points)**1 Write the words in your language. (10 points)**

1 champion

2 defeat

3 hero

4 lead role

5 rollerblading

6 score

7 plot

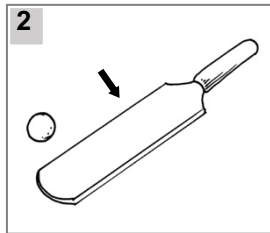
8 pitch

9 special effects

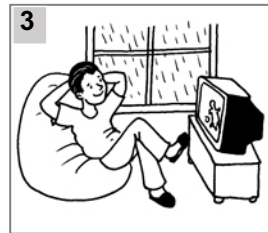
10 trailer

2 Choose the correct word to match each picture. (6 points)

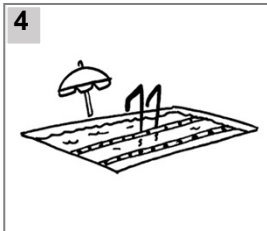
heroine / audience



pitch / bat



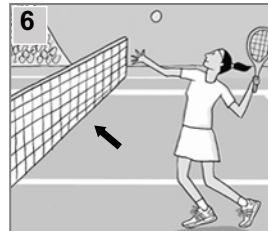
character / viewer



swimming pool / court



director / trailer



goggles / net

3 Write the words in the correct columns in the chart. (9 points)

goalkeeper • golf • setting • volleyball • lifeguard • plot
scene • karate • referee

Sports	Films	People
1	4	7
2	5	8
3	6	9

4 Choose the correct answer. (5 points)1 The **soundtrack** / **plot** from that film has got some great songs.2 **Special effects** / **Goggles** protect your eyes when you go swimming.3 Everyone in the **audience** / **pitch** loved the film.4 Hermione was my favourite **scene** / **character** in the *Harry Potter* films.5 You play basketball on a **court** / **net**.

GRAMMAR (30 points)**1 Complete the chart with the Present Simple form of the verbs. (5 points)**

I / you / we / they	he / she / it
1	reads
watch	2
3	plays
write	4
try	5

2 Add -ing to the verbs below. Make any necessary spelling changes. (5 points)

- 1 sit
- 2 drive
- 3 walk
- 4 study
- 5 stop

3 Choose the correct answer. (7 points)

- 1 Dan **swims** / **is swimming** now.
- 2 I **like** / **am liking** action films.
- 3 They **do** / **are doing** karate at the moment.
- 4 Sara **doesn't wear** / **isn't wearing** high heels every day.
- 5 **Do you understand** / **Are you understanding** the problem?
- 6 We **don't often play** / **aren't often playing** golf.
- 7 **Does the director talk** / **Is the director talking** to the actors now?

4 Choose the correct answer. (5 points)

- 1 I am listening to the soundtrack
 - a once a week
 - b right now
- 2 Casey brings his own bat.
 - a always
 - b now
- 3 We aren't going shopping
 - a on Mondays
 - b at the moment
- 4 A lifeguard saves people's lives.
 - a often
 - b right now
- 5 Max doesn't do homework
 - a in the afternoon
 - b now

5 Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets. Use the correct form of the Present Simple or Present Continuous. (8 points)

- 1 My brother (play) football at the moment.
- 2 I rarely (see) my cousins.
- 3 Carol (exercise) now.
- 4 They (not hike) every weekend.
- 5 We (not win) the game right now.
- 6 Tom usually (practise) on Tuesdays?
- 7 The girls (want) to meet the director.
- 8 you (leave) now?

READING (30 points)

1 Read the posts on the forum and tick (✓) the sentences T (true) or F (false). (15 points)

Teen Film Forum

Rod: My favourite film is *127 Hours*. It's a true story and it's a great film. What's your favourite film?

Vicky: My favourite film is *Race*. It's also a true story. The setting is Berlin during the 1936 Olympic Games. It tells the story of Jesse Owens, a famous African-American runner. The Nazi government is organising the Olympics, but Jesse decides to compete. He wants to show the Nazis their ideology is wrong. At the Olympics, Jesse defeats his opponents and wins four gold medals. Stephan James plays the lead role of Jesse Owens, and he's a great actor.

Brad: I think *First Man* is a fantastic film. It's the true story of NASA's first mission to the moon. Ryan Gosling is great in the lead role of astronaut Neil Armstrong. It's an incredible story about the first man to walk on the moon.

	T	F
1 The Olympic Games in 1936 were in Berlin.		
2 Jesse Owens didn't compete in the Olympics because the Nazis organised the games.		
3 Stephan James was an opponent of Jesse's.		
4 <i>First Man</i> is a film about astronauts.		
5 All the teens wrote about true story films.		

2 Choose the correct answer. (15 points)

- Race* / *First Man* is about an athlete.
- Jesse Owens was from **Germany** / **the USA**.
- Jesse **agrees** / **disagrees** with the Nazis.
- Jesse won **three** / **four** Olympic gold medals.
- Ryan Gosling** / **Neil Armstrong** walked on the moon.

WRITING (10 points)

Choose the correct answer.

- You must buy a ticket **so that** / **in order to** go into the cinema.
- People wear goggles **to** / **so that** protect their eyes.
- Call me **so that** / **in order to** we can make plans.
- They are bringing a ball **to** / **so that** they can play volleyball.
- They use special effects **so that** / **in order to** make a film more exciting.

VOCABULARY (30 points)

1 Write the words in your language. (10 points)

1 cheerful

2 selfish

3 ridiculous

4 defend

5 faint

6 step back

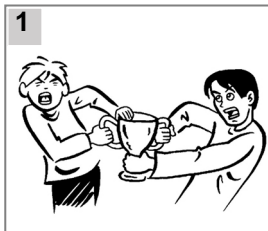
7 wonder

8 curious

9 efficient

10 hopeful

2 Choose the correct word to match each picture. (6 points)



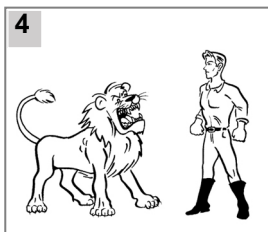
fight / faint



hopeful / messy



approach / run away



courageous / efficient



avoid / scream



proud / neat

3 Match the words in A to their opposites in B. (4 points)

A

1 make a noise

2 neat

3 charming

4 approach

B

..... a nasty

..... b step back

..... c messy

..... d keep quiet

4 Circle the word that doesn't belong in each group. (4 points)

1 defend • fight • run away

2 scream • wonder • make a noise

3 ridiculous • efficient • selfish

4 faint • curious • hopeful

5 Choose the correct answer. (6 points)

1 I won the competition, and my parents were very **selfish** / **proud** of me.

2 I know what he will do because he is **charming** / **predictable**.

3 Mindy isn't always nice to people. She can be very **nasty** / **neat**.

4 I don't want to see Kim, so I'm trying to **approach** / **avoid** her.

5 I sometimes **wonder** / **fight** about life in the future.

6 People should **run away** / **keep quiet** in a library.

GRAMMAR (30 points)**1 Complete the chart. (10 points)**

Adjective	Comparative form	Superlative form
neat	1	2
charming	3	4
nasty	5	6
big	7	8
bad	9	10

2 Complete the sentences with the comparative form of the adjectives in brackets. (5 points)

- 1 Sally's room is (messy) Mark's room.
- 2 My mother is (short) me.
- 3 The book was (good) the film.
- 4 Dan's dog is (thin) Tom's dog.
- 5 Liz is (cheerful) her sister.

3 Complete the sentences with the superlative form of the adjectives in brackets. (5 points)

- 1 That dress is (pretty) dress in the shop.
- 2 My brother is (selfish) person in my family.
- 3 Andrew is (old) boy in his class.
- 4 January is (wet) month of the year in my country.
- 5 I think Sally is (beautiful) girl in the world.

4 Choose the correct answer. (7 points)

- 1 I can speak Spanish, but French is difficult for me. Spanish is French.
a as hard as b not as hard as
- 2 Bob and his father are 1.90 metres tall. Bob is his father.
a as tall as b not as tall as
- 3 In Montreal, it's -10°C. In Toronto, it's -3°C. Toronto is Montreal.
a as cold as b not as cold as
- 4 Andi and Julie both run 100 metres in 13 seconds. Julie is Andi.
a as fast as b not as fast as
- 5 My shoes are size 38 and your shoes are size 36. My shoes are for you.
a too big b too small
- 6 You aren't organised. Your room is
a too neat b too messy
- 7 You should get a lamp. It's in here.
a too light b too dark

5 Choose the correct answer. Then complete the sentences with *enough* and the adjectives in brackets. (3 points)

- 1 Bob **is / isn't** (old) to drive. He's only 14.
- 2 I can't go swimming in the lake. The water **is / isn't** (warm).
- 3 I like this phone because it **is / isn't** (small) to put in my pocket.

READING (30 points)**1** Read the web page. Then choose the correct answer. (15 points)**Superheroes from Around the World****Malaysia – *Cicak Man***

Hairi isn't good-looking or courageous enough to be a superhero. But one day, he transforms into a mutant cicak lizard with superpowers. A bad man is infecting people with a virus and Hairi must defend the people of his city. *Cicak Man* is funnier than *Spider-Man*. It's a comedy with many ridiculous scenes.

Pakistan – *Burka Avenger*

Jiya is a teacher during the day, but at night she becomes Burka Avenger. Some bad people want to close down girls' schools. Wearing a burka, she fights them and the schools stay open. *Burka Avenger* is a popular animated TV series in many countries. It presents important social issues.

Russia – *Major Grom*

Detective Major Grom hasn't got superpowers, but he is intelligent and strong enough to fight five men at the same time. Some murders start happening in St Petersburg and Grom investigates and discovers the killer.

- 1 Hairi isn't as **funny** / **courageous** as traditional superheroes.
- 2 The bad man in *Cicak Man* is using a **virus** / **lizard** to hurt people.
- 3 Jiya works as a **teacher** / **detective**.
- 4 *Burka Avenger* is a **comedy** / **animated**.
- 5 Major Grom is **good-looking** / **intelligent**.

2 Tick (✓) the correct superheroes. (15 points)

	Cicak Man	Burka Avenger	Major Grom
1 Fights crime as a profession			
2 Isn't a serious character			
3 Defends education for young women			
4 Is a type of reptile			
5 Hasn't got superpowers			

WRITING (10 points)

Choose the correct answer.

- 1 Mark works **efficient** / **efficiently**.
- 2 George is a **confident** / **confidently** person.
- 3 The girls spoke **honest** / **honestly**.
- 4 The children played **happy** / **happily** at the park.
- 5 Chloe is never **rude** / **rudely** to other people.

VOCABULARY (30 points)**1 Write the words in your language. (10 points)**

1 flute

2 live concert

3 performance

4 recording

5 achieve

6 admire

7 attract

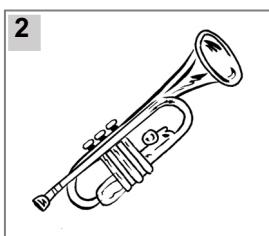
8 develop

9 realise

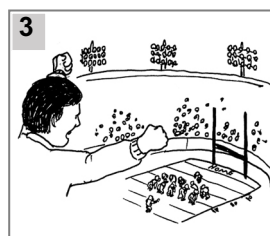
10 regret

2 Choose the correct word to match each picture. (8 points)

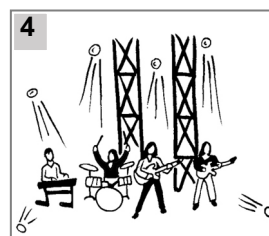
fan / orchestra



trumpet / clarinet



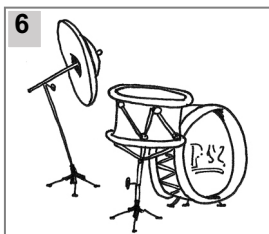
performance / fan



band / studio



achieve / decorate



video clip / drums



studio / live concert



develop / hang out

3 Circle the word that doesn't belong in each group. (5 points)1 **respect**: a teacher • the environment • a phone2 **develop**: an idea • lunch • an app3 **give away**: a holiday • food • money4 **control**: a class • a shirt • an aeroplane5 **admire**: a friend • the time • clothes**4 Choose the correct answer. (7 points)**1 The girls **regret** / **attract** buying that jewellery. It was a mistake.2 I want to go to the **video clip** / **live concert** of my favourite band.3 The opera singer gave a wonderful **studio** / **performance**.4 Guy made a **recording** / **fan** of his new song.5 It's often difficult to **realise** / **control** bad habits.6 My friend can play the **orchestra** / **clarinet**.7 The children sometimes **behave** / **admire** badly.

GRAMMAR (30 points)**1 Complete the chart with the Past Simple form of the verbs. (8 points)**

Base Form	Past Simple
begin	1
go	2
study	3
plan	4
find	5
achieve	6
give	7
fly	8

2 Choose the correct answer. (5 points)

- 1 She **paid** / **didn't pay** her friend for the guitar. Her friend gave it away.
- 2 My friends **performed** / **didn't perform** yesterday. They were very good.
- 3 My brother was at home last night. He **went** / **didn't go** out.
- 4 **They behaved** / **Did they behave** well?
- 5 I **had** / **didn't have** breakfast, so I am hungry now.

3 Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets. Use the Past Simple. (7 points)

- 1 Rachel's grandmother (play) the clarinet in an orchestra 10 years ago.
- 2 Sarah's band (not perform) yesterday.
- 3 We (see) a live concert last night.
- 4 Archie (write) this song?
- 5 My father (not drive) us last week.
- 6 When they (become) famous?
- 7 The students (sing) Christmas songs.

4 Choose the correct answer. (5 points)

- 1 Suzy took the 8.00 train because **there was** / **there wasn't** a train at 7.00.
- 2 **There was** / **There were** some good musicians in the band.
- 3 **There was** / **Was there** a screen near the stage?
- 4 **There was** / **There were** a problem with the microphone.
- 5 **There were** / **Were there** any flutes in the music shop?

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of *there was* or *there were*. (5 points)

- 1 any children in the video clip.
- 2 a café at the museum?
- 3 We didn't stand because many chairs.
- 4 many people at the party last night?
- 5 Elinor didn't finish because enough time.

READING (30 points)**1 Read the web page and tick (✓) the correct year in the chart. (15 points)****Memorable Oscar Moments**

In the past, there were some unusual events during the Oscars.

A Bear on Stage

Bart was a bear. He performed in films, and people admired him for his intelligence. In 1998, this 2.93-metre bear came onto the stage of the Oscars.

An Oscar Refusal

In 1973, Marlon Brando won an Oscar for his role in *The Godfather*. He sent a young Native American girl to collect his award. He wanted people to show respect for Native Americans in films.

A 12-Minute Standing Ovation

In 1972, 83-year-old Charlie Chaplin received a Lifetime Achievement award. To show their respect, people in the audience stood up to applaud him. After a minute-and-a-half, Chaplin said "thank you". But before he could walk off the stage, the audience began to applaud again and continued for another 10-and-a-half minutes.

	1998	1972	1973
1 The audience applauded the winner for longer than usual.			
2 The winner didn't come to the show.			
3 A big animal appeared in the show.			
4 The winner communicated a need for change.			
5 People stood up to show respect.			

2 Choose the correct answer. (15 points)

- 1 Bart the bear was in **films** / **a band**.
- 2 Bart the bear was **more** / **less** than 3 metres.
- 3 Marlon Brando wanted to help **actors** / **Native Americans**.
- 4 Charlie Chaplin was **72** / **83** when he got a 12-minute standing ovation.
- 5 People applauded for 10-and-a-half minutes **before** / **after** he said "thank you".

WRITING (10 points)

Choose the correct answer.

- 1 His performance was excellent. **As a result** / **That's why**, he got an award.
- 2 My friend was busy, **that's why** / **so** he didn't call me.
- 3 The jacket was very expensive. **As a result** / **That's why**, I didn't buy it.
- 4 It was hot outside, **as a result** / **so** we went swimming.
- 5 The food was delicious. **So** / **That's why** we finished it.

VOCABULARY (30 points)**1** Write the words in your language. (10 points)

1 by land

2 departure

3 information desk

4 passenger

5 take a break

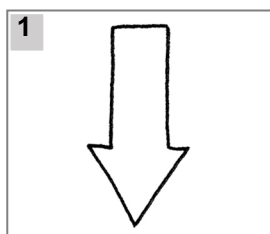
6 break into

7 case

8 court

9 guilty

10 thief

2 Choose the correct word to match each picture. (6 points)

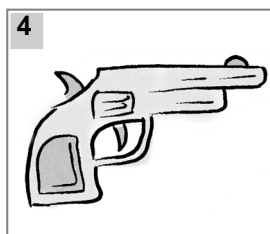
court / arrow



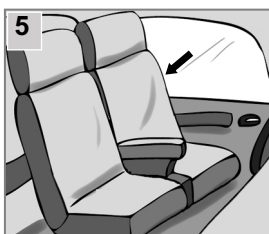
judge / lawyer



departure / jury



gun / case



guilty / seat



passport / crime scene

3 Write the words in the correct columns in the chart. (9 points)

punish • victim • flight • attack • murderer • arrival • lawyer
make reservations • capture

People	Crime verbs	Travel
1	4	7
2	5	8
3	6	9

4 Choose the correct answer. (5 points)1 I want to **break into** / **book a room** at the hotel for two nights.2 We travelled **by sea** / **by air** on a big ship.3 Let's **make reservations** / **take a break** for dinner at a restaurant tonight.4 The train left on time, but its **departure** / **arrival** was an hour late.5 The criminal tried to **escape** / **capture**.

GRAMMAR (30 points)**1 Complete the chart. (6 points)**

	Past Simple	Past Continuous
I	ate	was eating
You	played	1
He	planned	2
She	read	3
It	drank	4
We	tried	5
They	slept	6

2 Choose the correct answer. (6 points)

- 1 The tourist **was taking** / **were taking** pictures a minute ago.
- 2 The passengers **wasn't sitting** / **weren't sitting** in their seats at 6.00.
- 3 I **was sleeping** / **wasn't sleeping** at 9.00. I was at school.
- 4 **They were running** / **Were they running** from the police?
- 5 We **were having** / **weren't having** dinner at 8 pm last night. We ate hamburgers.
- 6 What **he was doing** / **was he doing** an hour ago?

3 Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets. Use the Past Continuous. (6 points)

- 1 My friends (exercise) at 5.00.
- 2 The actor (not wear) his costume an hour ago.
- 3 Amy (wait) for her flight at 7 pm?
- 4 We (travel) all afternoon.
- 5 The baby (not cry) a minute ago.
- 6 What the students (study) at 10.30?

4 Choose the correct answer. (6 points)

- 1 He stole the painting while the guard **slept** / **was sleeping**.
- 2 While they were examining the crime scene, they **found** / **were finding** the gun.
- 3 Where **did he go** / **was he going** when we saw him last night?
- 4 She **didn't listen** / **wasn't listening** while I was talking.
- 5 I was watching TV when the phone **rang** / **was ringing**.
- 6 It **snowed** / **was snowing** when we left the house.

5 Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets. Use the Past Simple or Past Continuous. (6 points)

- 1 When the reporter (arrive), the police were interviewing people in the crowd.
- 2 The victim (sit) in a restaurant when someone tried to murder her.
- 3 What you (do) when I called you?
- 4 I was describing the thief when he suddenly (approach) us.
- 5 Ellen found a good flight while she (look) at websites.
- 6 My father (meet) my mother while he was studying at university.

READING (30 points)**1 Read the letter. Then tick (✓) the sentences T (true) or F (false). (15 points)**

Dear Mel,

How are you? I was working hard on a project all month. I finished it last week, so I decided to take a break and go on holiday. Right now, I'm on Norfolk Island – between Australia and New Zealand.

I was reading about the history of the island all evening yesterday. Captain James Cook discovered the island in 1774, while he was sailing around the world. Some years later, the British government sent a ship of thieves and murderers to Norfolk Island. In the first 80 years, there were two prisons on the island. They were terrible places. The guards even punished the prisoners for looking at the sea. They believed they were thinking about escaping.

In 1855, the prisons closed. A year later, the first colonists arrived. The people living on the island today are their descendants. There are also many tourists because it's a beautiful place.

See you soon.

Amy

	T	F
1 Amy could go on holiday because she finished her project.		
2 Norfolk Island is in Australia.		
3 Captain James Cook sent criminals to live on Norfolk Island.		
4 There were prisons on Norfolk Island for about 80 years.		
5 Descendants of the first colonists live on the island now.		

2 Number the sentences in chronological order. (15 points)

- 1 Amy came to the island.
- 2 The prisons closed.
- 3 Captain Cook discovered Norfolk Island.
- 4 Prisoners lived on the island.
- 5 The first colonists came to the island to live.

WRITING (10 points)

Choose the correct answer.

- 1 She's a brilliant lawyer and she's **also** / **too** a kind person.
- 2 The thief stole my mum's jewellery. **In addition** / **Too**, he stole my dad's laptop.
- 3 The police captured the robbers. They **also** / **in addition** found the money.
- 4 I booked a room. I made a reservation at a restaurant, **in addition** / **too**.
- 5 The flight was long. **In addition** / **too**, the seats were uncomfortable.

VOCABULARY (30 points)

1 Write the words in your language. (10 points)

1 baked

2 cooked

3 heart

4 fresh

5 carbohydrates

6 knee

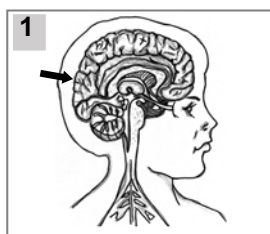
7 wrist

8 sour

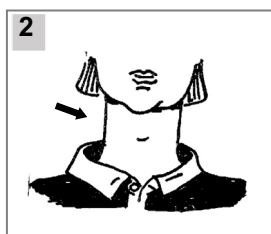
9 toe

10 fried

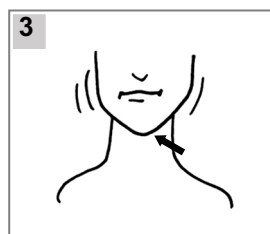
2 Choose the correct word to match each picture. (8 points)



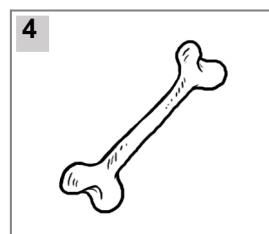
brain / ankle



lung / neck



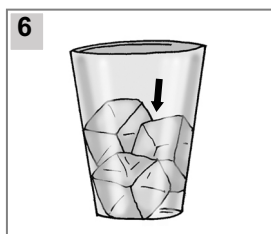
knee / chin



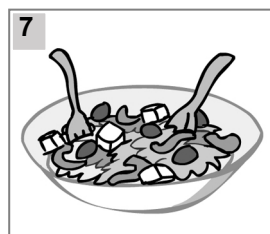
bone / heart



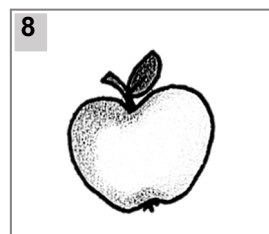
toe / back



frozen / baked



calories / healthy



fresh / cooked

3 Add the words below to the correct group. (6 points)

intestines • fried • vitamins • sour • elbow • ankle

1 wrist • shoulder •

2 knee • toe •

3 heart • lung •

4 baked • cooked •

5 sweet • salty •

6 protein • minerals •

4 Choose the correct answer. (6 points)

1 When I was young, my father often carried me on his **chin** / **shoulders**.

2 A teenage boy should have about 2,500 **calories** / **minerals** a day.

3 Chocolate is **sweet** / **sour**.

4 Sally broke two **intestines** / **bones** in her leg when she fell.

5 Your **elbow** / **ankle** connects the top and bottom parts of your arm.

6 I am thirsty after I eat **healthy** / **salty** food.

GRAMMAR (30 points)**1 Complete the sentences with the correct form of *can*. (5 points)**

- 1 I'm busy. I help you now.
- 2 I do this exercise. It's easy.
- 3 you talk to me now?
- 4 The small child carry that bag. It's too heavy.
- 5 She go to school now. She is healthy.

2 Choose the correct answer. (5 points)

- 1 She **can** / **could** stand on her head a year ago.
- 2 He died because the doctors **could** / **couldn't** save him.
- 3 William **can't** / **couldn't** eat eggs. He's allergic.
- 4 When I was younger, I **can** / **could** run very fast.
- 5 The shelf is too high. I **can't** / **could** reach it.

3 Complete the sentences with the correct form of *should*. (5 points)

- 1 He go to school because he doesn't feel well.
- 2 You eat fresh vegetables. They're healthy.
- 3 We study. We've got a test tomorrow.
- 4 I buy some fruit at the market?
- 5 You eat now. We're having dinner soon.

4 Choose the correct answer. (5 points)

- 1 Children **must** / **mustn't** carry heavy bags. It's bad for their backs.
- 2 You **must** / **mustn't** know English to get this job.
- 3 He **must** / **mustn't** play in the street. It's dangerous.
- 4 We **must** / **mustn't** stop. The traffic light is red.
- 5 People wear helmets when cycling because they **must** / **mustn't** protect their heads.

5 Choose the correct answer. (5 points)

- 1 My father **has to** / **have to** stop eating fast food.
- 2 You **not have to** / **don't have to** cook tonight.
- 3 I **have to** / **Do I have to** bake a cake for the party?
- 4 We **have to** / **don't have to** go shopping. We have got a lot of food in the house.
- 5 She **has to go** / **has to goes** to bed early tonight.

6 Complete the sentences with the correct form of *have to*. (5 points)

- 1 Students bring lunch to school. There's a cafeteria.
- 2 She be home by 11 pm or her parents get angry.
- 3 You cook this longer. It isn't ready.
- 4 Lucy take her dog to the vet?
- 5 Where you go this afternoon?

READING (30 points)

1 Read the article. Then tick (✓) the sentences T (true) or F (false). (15 points)

The Healthiest Countries in the World

Iceland: People in Iceland can easily get fresh fish and seafood because Iceland has got water all around it. There are important minerals in these foods, so this helps people there stay healthy. However, the cold climate makes it difficult to grow fruit and vegetables.

Italy: The traditional Italian diet contains a lot of fresh vegetables. However, when fast food came to Italy in the late 20th century, people started eating fried foods. People should try to avoid these foods.

Switzerland: Switzerland has got clean water and excellent doctors. Some people must travel to Switzerland for brain and heart surgery because their country hasn't got good doctors.

Japan: Japan has got the oldest population in the world. That's because they exercise often and eat well. According to their tradition, people should stop eating when they are only 80% full.

Spain: Spanish people eat lots of fresh fruit and vegetables and they walk almost everywhere. This keeps them healthy.

	T	F
1 There isn't much seafood in Iceland.		
2 Fish has got minerals.		
3 People in Italy today eat healthier food than in the past.		
4 Some people come to Switzerland because they've got good doctors.		
5 The Japanese prove there's a connection between long life and healthy habits.		

2 Match A to B to make sentences. (15 points)

A

- 1 Fried food wasn't popular
- 2 There aren't a lot of fresh vegetables
- 3 The water is clean
- 4 The oldest people live
- 5 People walk a lot

B

- a in Japan.
- b in Switzerland.
- c in Iceland.
- d in Italy in the past.
- e in Spain.

WRITING (10 points)

Choose the correct answer.

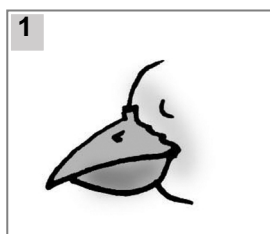
- 1 Foods **like** / **for example** eggs, chicken and cheese contain protein.
- 2 We should try to do different types of exercise. **Such as** / **For example**, we can run, swim or go for walks.
- 3 There are healthy carbohydrates in foods, **for example** / **such as** brown bread and rice.
- 4 Many dentists say that fizzy drinks **for example** / **like** cola are destroying our teeth.
- 5 Some fats are healthy. **For example**, / **Like** fat from avocado is good for you.

Name:

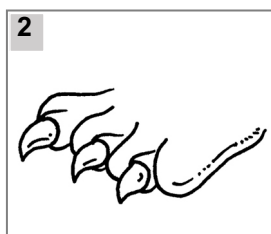
Mark:

VOCABULARY (30 points)**1 Write the words in your language. (10 points)**

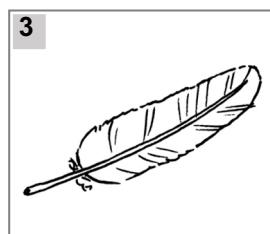
- | | |
|------------------|------------------------|
| 1 cold | 6 tablet |
| 2 skin | 7 fur |
| 3 harmless | 8 endangered |
| 4 bandage | 9 headache |
| 5 flu | 10 upset stomach |

2 Choose the correct word to match each picture. (8 points)

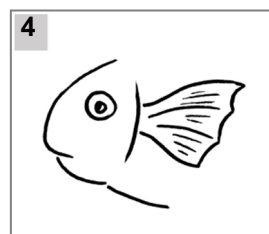
tail / beak



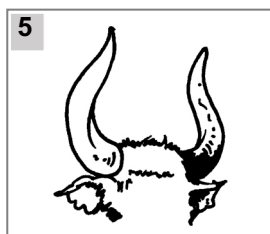
claws / wings



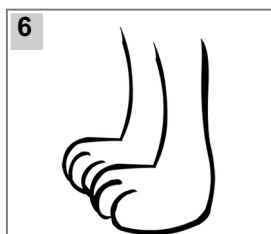
fur / feather



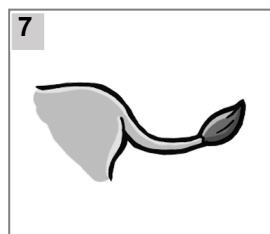
fin / skin



horns / species



bites / paws



flu / tail



wings / coughs

3 Circle the word that doesn't belong in each group. (6 points)

- 1 bandage • tablet • get worse
- 2 bite • cough • sneeze
- 3 headache • blood • upset stomach
- 4 cold • flu • cut
- 5 poisonous • skin • invasive
- 6 species • endangered • exotic

4 Choose the correct answer. (6 points)

- 1 My dog has got black and brown **fur** / skin.
- 2 Cats make him **get better** / sneeze. He's allergic to them.
- 3 My grandfather went to hospital because he had **a cold** / breathing problems.
- 4 Tom broke his leg and he's **in pain** / coughing.
- 5 There is **blood** / a tablet on the bandage.
- 6 I've got a mosquito **cut** / bite on my arm.

GRAMMAR (30 points)**1 Complete the sentences with *will* or *won't*. (6 points)**

- 1 That snake isn't poisonous. Its bite kill you.
- 2 we see many animals in the park?
- 3 Experts think the rhino become extinct soon.
- 4 Polar bears haven't got enough food. Many of them survive.
- 5 He probably take many photos.
- 6 When he arrive?

2 Choose the correct answer. (6 points)

- 1 We **is going to visit** / **are going to visit** a wildlife reserve next week.
- 2 **Are you going to adopt** / **You are going to adopt** a wild animal?
- 3 Zoe is ill, so she **is going to join** / **isn't going to join** us tomorrow.
- 4 I **am going to take** / **aren't going to take** a tablet for my headache.
- 5 My friends and I **am going to go** / **are going to go** to the zoo tomorrow.
- 6 When **he is going to feed** / **is he going to feed** the animals?

3 Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets. Use *be going to*. (6 points)

- 1 I (walk) my dog soon. He wants to go out.
- 2 The children (play) outside because it's raining.
- 3 The nurse (put) a bandage on the boy's leg because he got a bad cut.
- 4 Where you (buy) the fish?
- 5 He (wear) his white shirt because it's dirty.
- 6 Mia (paint) a picture of the animals?

4 Choose the correct answer. (6 points)

- 1 Carl will get better if he **takes** / **will take** this medicine.
- 2 If Dan doesn't make an appointment, the doctor **doesn't see** / **won't see** him.
- 3 Your foot will be fine if you **don't walk** / **won't walk** on it.
- 4 If the cat doesn't eat, I **call** / **will call** the vet.
- 5 If you leave now, you **arrive** / **will arrive** at 11.00.
- 6 I will take a tablet if this tea **doesn't help** / **won't help**.

5 Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets. Use the First Conditional. (6 points)

- 1 If it (not rain), I'll walk to school.
- 2 I will go out if I (not be) tired.
- 3 They (not arrive) on time if they don't leave now.
- 4 If you don't take the medicine, you (not get) better.
- 5 If Donna (not rest), she will be ill.
- 6 You (infect) others if you sneeze on them.

READING (30 points)**1 Read the web page. Then tick (✓) the sentences T (true) or F (false). (15 points)****We Love Cats**

Dear Dr Care,

I've got two cats – Sam and Lucy. I found them in the street five years ago. Last week, Sam got into a fight with a homeless cat and he obviously lost. He was in pain. The next day, Sam got better. He was eating as usual. But yesterday, he began coughing. He also seemed to have a high temperature.

Has Sam caught a dangerous virus from the homeless cat? If Lucy goes near him, will she also catch it?

I haven't got a car, so I can't take him to the vet right now. I'm going to take him this evening. But what can I do now?

Cat Lover

Dear Cat Lover,

These symptoms sound like the common cat flu. If you put Lucy in a different room, hopefully, she won't catch it. Give Sam plenty of water, and I'm sure he'll be fine.

Dr Care

	T	F
1 Sam and Lucy were once homeless animals.		
2 The homeless cat was hurt more seriously than Sam.		
3 Sam and Lucy are ill.		
4 Cat Lover doesn't want to take the cat to the vet.		
5 Dr Care isn't very worried about Sam.		

2 Match A to B to make sentences. (15 points)**A**

- Sam was in pain because
- Cat Lover thought Sam was better because
- In the morning, Cat Lover didn't have
- Dr Care thinks Sam has got
- Dr Care thinks Lucy will stay healthy

B

- the common cat flu.
- a car.
- if she stays in another room.
- he had a fight with another cat.
- he was eating as usual.

WRITING (10 points)

Choose the correct answer.

- He had a headache, **but** / **although** he didn't take a tablet.
- Most people are afraid of snakes. **Although** / **However**, most snakes aren't dangerous.
- My father went to work **although** / **however** he didn't feel well.
- Most dogs have got fur, **but** / **although** some dogs have got hair.
- I want to get a cat. **Although** / **However**, my parents won't let me have one.

VOCABULARY (30 points)**1 Write the words in your language. (10 points)**

1 follow

2 lead

3 overcome

4 accommodation

5 campsite

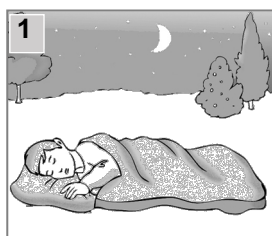
6 go backpacking

7 pack a bag

8 plan a route

9 set out

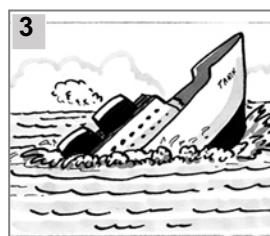
10 spend the night

2 Choose the correct word to match each picture. (8 points)

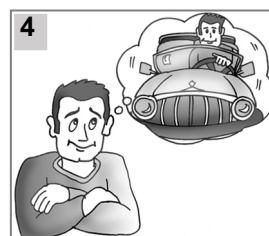
sleeping bag / signpost



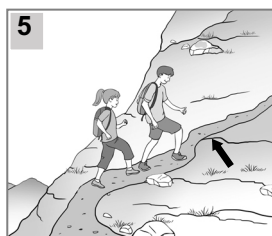
hide / encourage



quit / sink



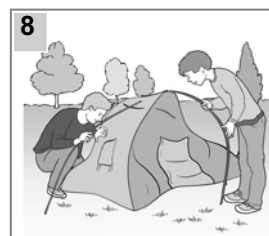
search / dream



accommodation / trail



campsite / signpost

build a campfire /
go backpacking

pack a bag / put up a tent

3 Circle the word that doesn't belong in each group. (5 points)

1 hide • search • sink

2 encourage • overcome • quit

3 follow • lead • share

4 build a campfire • locate • put up a tent

5 sleeping bag • pack a bag • plan a route

4 Choose the correct answer. (7 points)1 Dan should **follow** / **quit** eating junk food.2 The police **searched** / **hid** for the missing boy.3 My teacher is **dreaming** / **encouraging** me to go to university.4 I can't **locate** / **overcome** your street on the map.5 My friends want me to **set out** / **organise** the party.6 I'm afraid the boat will **lead** / **sink**.7 I always **share** / **campsite** my lunch with my friends.

GRAMMAR (30 points)**1 Complete the chart. (12 points)**

Base Form	Past Simple	Past Participle
eat	1	2
find	3	4
give	5	6
go	7	8
see	9	10
take	11	12

2 Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets. Use the Present Perfect Simple. (8 points)

- I (plan) the route for our trip.
- Emily (not read) this book.
- We (buy) our plane tickets.
- Liam (come) down the mountain?
- Dan (be) camping before.
- The students (do) their homework.
- Grace (not sleep) in a sleeping bag before.
- Where they (hide) the money?

3 Choose the correct answer. (6 points)

- They have **ever** / **just** returned from Ecuador.
- Have you built the campfire **yet** / **never**?
- I have **already** / **ever** seen this film. I didn't like it.
- She has **yet** / **recently** been on holiday.
- Have you **ever** / **yet** cycled across Europe?
- He has **ever** / **never** hiked in the jungle.

4 Complete the sentences with *for* or *since*. (4 points)

- My friends and I haven't met two weeks.
- He has been at his friend's house last night.
- She hasn't gone camping many years.
- They have studied English 2015.

READING (30 points)**1 Read the magazine article. Then tick (✓) the correct people in the chart. (15 points)****In the Path of Female Explorers**

Jacki Hill-Murphy has always dreamed of going on journeys of past female explorers. In 2007, her son left school, so she decided to follow her dream.

First, she set out on Isabela Godin's route. In 1769, Godin led 42 people through the Amazon. They travelled in a canoe on the Amazon River, but the boat began to sink, so they continued on land. When Hill-Murphy went on this same route, she had modern equipment.

Hill-Murphy also followed Mary Kingsley's journey. In 1894, Kingsley planned a route to Africa to complete her father's book about the area. Kingsley travelled with a group of men. She couldn't change her clothes because the men were watching her, so she often travelled in wet clothes. Kingsley climbed alone to the top of Mount Cameroon, a large volcano, because the men didn't want to join her. Since Hill-Murphy's last journey following Kingsley's route, she has written books and given talks about female explorers.

Who ... ?	Hill-Murphy	Godin	Kingsley
1 wanted to finish her father's work			
2 followed the route of women explorers			
3 travelled in the 18 th century			
4 climbed a volcano			
5 waited for her son to grow up before beginning to explore			

2 Complete the sentences with one word or number. (15 points)

- Hill-Murphy set out on her journey in
- Godin travelled in the Amazon with people.
- Kingsley's journey was in in the late 1800s.
- Kingsley was the only in her group.
- Kingsley's clothes were often

WRITING (10 points)

Choose the correct answer.

- In 2012 / Since 2012, she travelled to Nepal.
- She has been there for two months / at the age of 13.
- I haven't built a campfire a year later / since then.
- At the age of 10 / Since 2020, he learned to ski.
- I haven't talked to Tom in 2018 / since 2018.

VOCABULARY (30 points)

1 Write the words in your language. (10 points)

1 disgusting

2 suburb

3 advantage

4 mayor

5 poverty

6 ancient

7 thrilling

8 slum

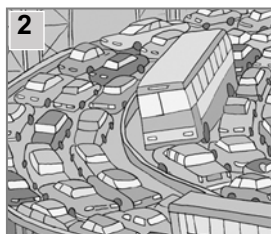
9 suitable

10 open space

2 Choose the correct word to match each picture. (6 points)



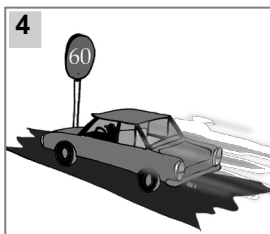
graffiti / suburb



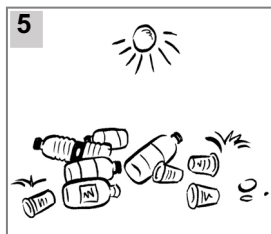
open space / traffic jam



imaginary / crowded



speed limit / poverty



mayor / litter



homeless / thrilling

3 Write the words in the correct columns in the chart. (9 points)

fairy tale • residential area • incredible • traffic jam • legend • slum
 myth • disgusting • ordinary

Adjectives	Types of literature	Urban life
1	4	7
2	5	8
3	6	9

4 Choose the correct answer. (5 points)

1 I read my **graffiti** / **poem** to the class yesterday.

2 That book is **crowded** / **ancient**. It was written hundreds of years ago.

3 This book is **fiction** / **ordinary**. The story isn't true.

4 When you **improve** / **disadvantage** something, it gets better.

5 There's a good **mayor** / **job opportunity** at this company.

GRAMMAR (30 points)**1 Complete the chart. (12 points)**

	Present Simple Passive	Past Simple Passive
Affirmative	I am told	I was told
	He 1	He 3
	They 2	They 4
Negative	I am not given	I was not given
	He 5	He 7
	They 6	They 8
Interrogative	Am I seen?	Was I seen?
	9 he ?	11 he ?
	10 they ?	12 they ?

2 Choose the correct answer. (4 points)

- 1 My brother and I **am driven / are driven** to school every day.
- 2 The castle **isn't described / aren't described** in the book.
- 3 Electronic books **isn't printed / aren't printed** on paper.
- 4 **He is paid / Is he paid** for his poems?

3 Complete the sentences with the words in brackets. Use the Present Simple Passive. (5 points)

- 1 In this fairy tale, a princess (save) by a prince.
- 2 His books (sell) in many countries.
- 3 The computer room (not use) on Mondays.
- 4 phones (permit) in the classroom?
- 5 His name (not write) on the cover of the book.

4 Choose the correct answer. (4 points)

- 1 This dog **was found / were found** last week.
- 2 The children **wasn't taught / weren't taught** Greek myths last year.
- 3 **He was given / Was he given** an award?
- 4 When **the film was made / was the film made**?

5 Complete the sentences with the words in brackets. Use the Past Simple Passive. (5 points)

- 1 The Eiffel Tower (not build) in the USA.
- 2 The Statue of Liberty (give) to the USA by France.
- 3 electric trams (invent) in England?
- 4 Graffiti (not see) in London much before the 1990s.
- 5 What the first Spanish city in Mexico (call)?

READING (30 points)**1 Read the essay. Then tick (✓) the sentences T (true) or F (false). (15 points)****Graffiti**

Graffiti appears on walls and buildings in cities all over the world. Graffiti has changed from writing names on public buildings to painting huge, colourful pictures. In some countries, graffiti is a crime, but in others, it is encouraged.

Some people think graffiti should be illegal. It costs a lot of money to clean. Sometimes graffiti is found on historic buildings and monuments. In 2017, it was seen on four important monuments in Washington, DC.

Other people believe graffiti is art. Street art has transformed ugly buildings. Graffiti is legal on specific walls in some places. For example, in Bondi Beach in Sydney, Australia, street artists are permitted to paint pictures on the walls of some buildings. Graffiti is a way for people to share their thoughts. In the 1980s, people in Prague, in the Czech Republic, wrote graffiti on a wall called the Lennon Wall. John Lennon wrote songs about peace and people wrote the lyrics of his songs on the wall.

	T	F
1 Graffiti is illegal in every country.		
2 The types of graffiti people do today is similar to that in the past.		
3 Cleaning graffiti is very expensive.		
4 Graffiti is permitted in Bondi Beach.		
5 John Lennon wrote on a wall in Prague.		

2 Choose the correct answer. (15 points)

- 1 You often see graffiti in **cities** / **the countryside**.
- 2 Graffiti was found on important monuments in **Sydney** / **Washington, DC**.
- 3 Some people do graffiti because they want to share **money** / **thoughts**.
- 4 The Lennon Wall is in **Australia** / **the Czech Republic**.
- 5 John Lennon wrote **songs** / **stories**.

WRITING (10 points)**Correct the mistakes.**

- 1 i think paris is a place wonderful
- 2 dan eat a hamburger chips and a salad yesterday
- 3 does susan buys often clothes at this shop
- 4 many people live there but it's crowded
- 5 there was any beautifully graffiti on the walls